

Newts are brightly coloured salamanders. These small amphibians are found in moist, wooded areas in North America, Europe and Asia.



N for NEWT

1

Newts spend their lives near water. The newt's underbelly is usually yellow. Many newts have red spots along their sides.

N for NEWT

2

Newts are about 7 to 10 cm long. They have four fingers on each of the front legs and five toes on each of the hind legs.

N for NEWT

3

A newt's tail is flat on both sides. Newts have the ability to regenerate limbs, eyes and spinal cords.

N for NEWT

4

A newt's skin is always soft and moist.
They produce toxins in their skin secretions as a defence mechanism against predators.

N for NEWT

5

Newts eat insects, worms, snails, and small fish. A newt's prey must be moving in order to attract the newt.

N for NEWT

6

Newts eggs are laid in the water. Baby newts grow their front two legs first, instead of the back legs, like frogs.